FIDDLEHEADS BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING July 16, 2013 6:30-8:30 PM 105 Huntington Street, New London			
Time	Торіс	Board Action/ Outcome	Leader
6:30- 6:40	Meeting Preamble Each of us is a member of the coop community and has been elected to be leaders in serving our members. May we conduct this meeting by empowering each other, treating each other with kindness, and maintaining an atmosphere of mutual respect. Check-in		President
6:40- 6:45	Agenda Review	Make any needed adjustments	President
6:40— 6:50	Member Comments		President
6:50- 6:55	Minutes of June 18, 3013 (sent separately) GM monthly update report, June sales, and 3-year Sales History (board packet)	Accept Accept	Secretary GM
6:55- 7:10	Board Reports Conference Report-Lee Boltz and Mark Roberts (board packet) Legal Review Task Force (board packet)	Ask questions and approve any next steps Approve reconvening By Laws Task Force	President
7:10-	Board Discussion		
8:15	Board Governance Committee (board packet) Finalize slate of officer candidates GM Compensation (CBLD article "Setting a Process for GM Evaluation") Executive Session to discuss and approve GM evaluation	Review structure and make changes as needed Candidates express interest Preliminary discussion of process for compensation Review compilation and approve final evaluation	President Sue Phillips
8:15- 8:30	Closings 9. August Agenda preview (Board Packet) Debrief/ Evaluate Meeting	Review Evaluate preamble, meeting process	President President
	Review Decisions, Tasks, Assignments Adjourn Meeting Goodbye, Good Job!		Recorder

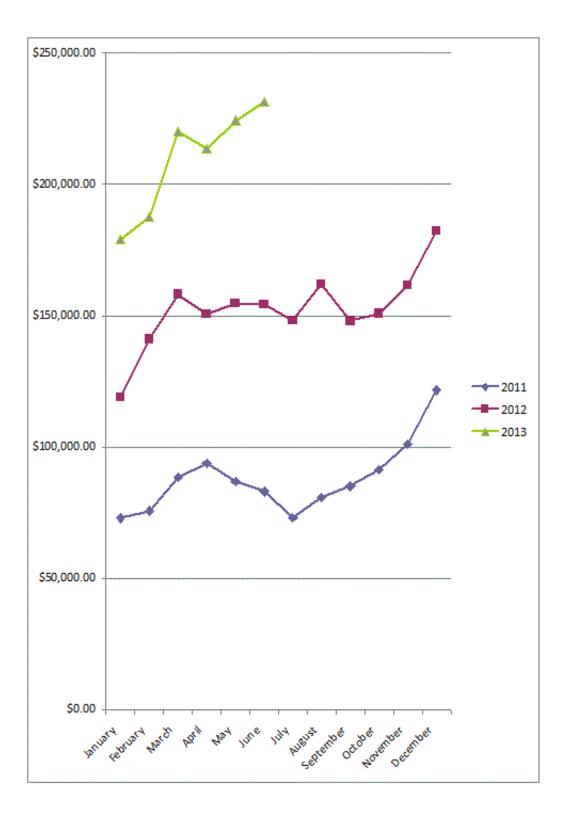
General Manager Report, June sales, and 3-year Sales History
 Conference Summary-Lee Boltz and Mark Roberts
 Legal Review Task Force Report
 Board Governance Charter

- 5) "Setting a Process for GM Compensation"6) Draft August Agenda

Sales Patterns 2011-2012-2013

January February March April May June July August September October	2011 \$72,855.53 \$75,654.76 \$88,433.94 \$93,644.22 \$86,911.77 \$82,997.02 \$73,166.94 \$80,853.39 \$85,006.82 \$91,386.79	2012 \$118,875.96 \$141,068.87 \$158,078.47 \$150,665.95 \$154,607.97 \$154,230.34 \$148,185.02 \$162,039.28 \$162,039.28 \$148,015.45 \$150,783.96	2013 \$178,912.32 \$187,481.89 \$220,101.21 \$213,606.44 \$224,292.79 \$231,321.75
September	1 /	· ·	

Sales Patterns 2011-2012-2013



General Manager Report June/July 2013

We started this period going into the warm weather with both air conditioners not working. Luckily we made it through that beginning part with the use of the fans and didn't loose any stock or have people complaining. Both units have now been fixed and are operational and doing a fine job. We have had a fair amount of condensation from the overhead ducts that run through the attic that gets extremely hot. But with temps in the 80's we don't have very much of a problem.

With the increase in foot traffic we found the floors needing more significant attention that what we are able to provide, so we have hired a local individual to sweep the floors every night and spot mop and do a total mopping twice a week.

We have begun doing sampling. Kristin, our sampling person did a Saturday slaw sampling with our produce. We have started our Tuesday afternoon ice cream sampling.

Our limited cooler space continues to be a significant issue and it does limit our ability to bring on certain products. It also is a major issue in keeping produce fresh to get us from Friday through the weekend. We are looking at some different ideas on how we might add cooler space both on temporary and more permanent basis.

A bright note for this month is our sales to residents of Fishers Island. We have four families who are purchasing from us on a regular basis. Four doesn't sound like much, but they usually large orders. We are going to do some things to give us additional exposure there, but we are not wanting this to take off too much at this point because we need to find some working members to help us pull orders on Tuesday and Friday mornings.

This weekend for SailFest we are setting up a stand in front of the co-op to sell bottles of cold water and slices of watermelon.

June Summary

	June Wk 1	June Wk 2	June Wk 3	June Wk 4	June wk 5	June Wk 6	Total
BULK	1,318.94	7,280.24	7,961.02	8,126.55	5,838.77	996.53	31,522.05
PRODUCE	2,632.46	12,704.02	12,397.19	12,356.38	12,120.06	1,743.89	53,954.00
REF GROC	1,298.86	7,581.35	7,409.98	6,939.24	7,293.11	1,243.82	31,766.36
Spice & Tea	75.42	581.45	560.14	596.20	428.29	69.65	2,311.15
HABA TAX	687.60	4,024.23	3,839.11	3,875.49	3,438.35	558.42	16,423.20
PCKG GROC	1,982.67	11,318.23	11,807.81	12,174.81	11,184.28	1,318.12	49,785.92
TAXBL GROC	256.04	1,540.61	1,673.12	1,735.78	1,429.65	168.28	6,803.48
CHEESE	195.52	1,418.30	1,439.40	1,436.34	1,487.82	181.26	6,158.64
GEN MERCH	279.26	1,196.40	1,924.06	1,648.23	1,395.25	114.79	6,557.99
TXBL MERCH							
FROZEN	680.47	4,006.92	4,029.69	3,112.52	3,654.93	701.52	16,186.05
BAKRY	266.69	1,751.74	1,641.66	1,601.74	1,630.03	210.78	7,102.64
TAX BULK	8.58	67.01	50.99	64.53	99.01	43.43	333.55
BEER	137.30	365.03	409.13	552.35	364.28	44.26	1,872.35
MISC					4.37		4.37
Gift Cert Sales			270.00	50.00	155.00		475.00
Market charges			9.00	18.00	38.00		65.00
Discount							
	\$9,819.81	\$53,835.53	\$55,422.30	\$54,288.16	\$50,561.20	\$7,394.75	\$231,321.75
Four Mile	95.91	718.22	580.99	700.25	765.87	96.41	2,957.65
BOTTLE DEP	42.55	206.65	220.90	216.95	180.95	35.25	903.25
BOTTLE RETURN	(36.60)	(125.50)	(176.15)	(160.50)	(113.30)	(38.60)	(650.65)
DONATIONS							
VENDOR PAYMENTS							
MEMBERSHIP	10.00	500.00	860.00	1,310.00	540.00	30.00	3,250.00
Grand total	\$9,931.67	\$55,134.90	\$56,908.04	\$56,354.86	\$51,934.72	\$7,517.81	\$237,782.00
3 cust	170.00	1,101.00	1,092.00	1,066.00	1,002.00	131.00	4,562.00
ave sale	58.42	50.08	52.11	52.87	51.83	57.39	52.12

BUSINESS ALLIANCE FOR LOCAL LIVING ECONOMIES (BALLE) CONFERENCE BUFFALO, NEW YORK, JUNE 12 – 14, 2013 Attended by Lee Boltz (and Mark Roberts)

BALLE is a national organization that connects localist leaders: "Within a generation, we envision a global system of human-scale, interconnected local economies that function in harmony with local ecosystems to meet the basic needs of all people, support just and democratic societies, and foster joyful community life." Their home page is <u>http://bealocalist.org/about-us</u>. Around 600 people attended this year's conference, including attendees from Canada and Guam.

The conference was a little overwhelming, with the sheer volume of information to take in. In this report I've summarized what were some of the highlights for me. I've also included links to the many of the organizations represented at the conference in hopes that you will pursue them if they strike your fancy.

I arrived a day early in order to take advantage of two pre-conference tours: "Feed Your Soul: Buffalo's Urban Farm to Fork Movement" and "The New Urban Buffalo: Place-Based Economic Development".

The "Feed Your Soul" tour visited three urban farms: Community Action Organization/The Green Entrepreneurial Center (GEC) (<u>http://www.caoec.org/html/gec.html</u>), Wilson Street Urban Farm (<u>http://wilsonstreeturbanfarm.wordpress.com/</u>) and Massachusetts Avenue Project (MAP) (<u>http://mass-ave.org/</u>). There is an abundance of vacant lots in the lower-income residential neighborhoods of Buffalo, which provides potential space for urban farming.

The tour hosts were Christa Glennie Seychew, food editor for Buffalo Spree Magazine and owner of Feed Your Soul Productions, and James D. Roberts (Chef James), executive chef at Park Country Club. A few years ago Christa started what has become a continuing series of conferences in which local farmers connect with local chefs.

Both GEC and MAP are engaged in aquaponics, which combines aquaculture (raising fish in a tank) with hydroponics (growing plants in water). The process is illustrated in the graphic on the MAP Growing Green page: <u>http://mass-ave.org/?page_id=136</u>. GEC and MAP have heated greenhouses, so they are able to grow food all year, though production is slow in January and February due to the limited daylight hours. MAP is very similar to FRESH New London. GEC raises a lot of money by selling a portion of their produce to local restaurants. Both facilities grow an amazing amount of food, especially given their limited acreage.

The Wilson Street Urban Farm is a family farm that is associated with the Farmer Pirates Cooperative (<u>http://www.farmerpirates.com/</u>), a group of urban farmers that shares knowledge and equipment and buys supplies together in bulk. Check out the cool pirate flag on their web site!

The "New Urban Buffalo" tour was balanced and thorough in that it showed the good, the bad and the ugly sides of Buffalo, with examples of successes and failures in redevelopment. The tour hosts were Anthony Armstrong of Buffalo Local Initiatives Support Corporation and Aaron Bartley, executive director of People United for Sustainable Housing (PUSH Buffalo). One take-away from this tour is that businesses from out-of-town that are building new facilities in Buffalo are being encouraged to Hire Local, Buy Local and Live Local.

The day ended with a reception at a site in the midst of grain silos on the Erie Canal. You can see highlights of the first day at <u>http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ErwaXgzqkQ0</u>.

Each of the next two days began with a morning vision session with keynote speakers followed by breakout sessions in the afternoon and an evening reception at a local venue.

The Thursday morning speakers included Janine Benyus, founder of Biomimicry 3.8 (<u>http://biomimicry.net/</u>), Judy Wicks, author of *Good Morning, Beautiful Business* and founder of the White Dog Restaurant in Philadelphia, Nipun Mehta, founder of Servicespace.org (<u>http://www.servicespace.org/</u>), Michelle Long, executive director of BALLE and Mark Brand, CEO of Mark Brand Inc. (<u>http://bealocalist.org/mark-brand</u>).

Biomimicry is "an innovation method that seeks sustainable solutions by emulating nature's time-tested patterns and strategies." Janine refers to herself as "the biologist at the design table". Her presentation included examples of how ecosystems function through cooperation rather than competition.

Servicespace.org, founded in Silicon Valley during the dot-com era, is centered on three organizing principles: "First, be volunteer run. Second, serve with what you have, without asking for anything. Third, focus on small acts." One of their volunteer-driven projects is Karma Kitchen, founded in Berkeley, California, which operates on a pay-forward basis. "Imagine a restaurant where there are no prices on the menu and where the check reads \$0.00 with only this footnote: 'Your meal was a gift from someone who came before you. To keep the chain of gifts alive, we invite you to pay it forward for those dine after you.'"

In the afternoon I attended a session titled "The Community Ownership Revolution" that focused on cooperatives. The panelists included Kristen Barker, president of the Cincinnati Union Cooperative initiative (<u>http://www.cincinnatiunioncoop.org/</u>), Karen Culp, president and CEO of Cooperative Home Care Associates (<u>http://www.chcany.org/</u>) and Gina Schaefer, owner of nine ACE Hardware stores. ACE Hardware is a retailer-owned cooperative, the owners of the cooperative being independently-operated hardware store owners.

Kristen Barker's presentation highlighted Our Harvest, a worker-owned farm and distribution center located in Cincinnati. Cooperative Home Care Associates (CHCA) is a worker-owned home care agency in the Bronx.

The Thursday evening reception was held at the Lexington Co-operative Market (<u>http://lexington.coop/</u>). They have over 10,000 members, yet I estimated their sales area to be about the same size as the total square footage of Fiddleheads.

The speakers at the Friday morning vision session included Aaron Bartley of PUSH Buffalo (http://pushbuffalo.org/), Billy Parish, president and co-founder of Mosaic (https://joinmosaic.com/how-it-works), India Pierce Lee, Program Director for Neighborhoods, Housing and Community Development for the Cleveland Foundation (http://www.clevelandfoundation.org/about/about-overview/), Mike Pearson, CEO and president of Union Packaging (http://www.unionpkg.com/) and Nikki Henderson, executive director of People's Grocery (http://peoplesgrocery.biz/about-us/).

Mosaic connects investors with clean energy projects. People's Grocery is "Manhattan's only community owned local, organic and natural foods co-op."

In the afternoon I attended a session titled "Measuring What Matters: Articulating the Impact of Localism". This turned out to be a focus group in which the attendees responded to survey questions by texting on their cell phones, which provided real-time results that were displayed to the group. Interesting.

The Friday evening fare-well party was held at Larkin Square, a site that is a big success story in Buffalo's revitalization (<u>http://www.theatlanticcities.com/jobs-and-economy/2013/02/urban-suburban-compromise-revitalize-buffalo-neighborhood/4809/</u>).

Ad Hoc Legal Review Committee Report

As previously authorized by the Board, the ad hoc committee of Susan Zimmerman, Ed DeMuzzio and Sue Phillips retained Laddie Lushin, an attorney practicing cooperative law out of an office in Vermont to answer the following two questions:

(1) Can we amend our Certificate of Incorporation and what amendments/incorporation structure would said lawyer recommended in order to continue co-op operations as currently practiced and keep determinations of member-ownership and the rights thereof as simple and easy to implement as possible?

(2) Are the proposed by-laws (draft emerging from meeting of February 6, 2013) consistent with the current certificate of incorporation and/or the certificate of incorporation that lawyer would recommend?

In connection with the first question, the Attorney Lushin has responded with a proposal that we would now like to discuss with members of the full by-law committee (Sue, Susan, Lee, Mark, Ed, Ellen, Carolyn, and Andy Derr) before recommending action by the board.

Of the \$3000 approved by the Board, Attorney Lushin requested a \$2000 retainer. He bills at \$130 per hour and also purchased a copy of Connecticut Statutes governing corporations. I have not yet obtained a statement of where we stand for work performed against the retainer.

Sue Phillips

Governance Committee Charter

Composition: Three Board Members and Three Staff / Member-owners **Committee Chair:** Mark Roberts

Meeting Frequency: Monthly or bi-monthly as needed **Purpose:**

- Create and manage a Board Development Plan to meet the needs of the Board in the future
- Review plan for approval by full Board
- Receive all nominations for Board participation
- Hold quarterly workshops on expectations for Board candidates
- Create Board Book for new Directors containing key documents
- Recommend a slate of directors to the membership at the annual meeting and as required
- Recommend participants for full committees (not Task forces)
- Create development plans for each individual director to grow their governance capability

From the November 20, 2012 Minutes:

Mark Roberts – proposal for permanent governance committee that is open to members, former board members, and staff.

a. Would meet monthly, eventually bi-monthly

Strategize what kind of members that we want to invite on the board in the future

- b. Possible orientation for people that are interested in becoming board members so they can learn what the responsibilities will be
- c. Create individual plans for each director

Motion by Mark Roberts:

- e. Governance Committee chartered as described in the attached proposal
- f. Maximum of 6 participants who will be approved by the board of directors with Mark Roberts as the chair person

Second: Lisa Cygan All in favor (9) Opposed (0) Abstain (0) Second Motion by Ed DeMuzzio:

a. Expand the duties of the governance committee that they propose membership in other standing committees and the officers for the board

Second: Mona Harmon-Brown All in favor (9) Opposed (0) Abstain (0)

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Setting a Process for General Manager Compensation

BY MARK GOEHRING AND CAROLEE COLTER

hat are some words that come to mind when you think of general manager compensation? Uncomfortable. Problematic. Crazy. Or: Exciting. Challenging. Strategic.

Even though everyone might say that general manager (GM) compensation is important, it doesn't always get handled that way. In order to help your board and GM approach this topic in a way more like the latter three words than the first three, we have designed a process for you to consider implementing at your co-op.

Here are the outcomes we can expect from such a process:

- GM compensation decisions become strategic and not emotional or contentious.
- GMs are fairly compensated for their work and feel satisfied with their compensation.
- Directors understand the consequences of GM compensation decisions.
- Boards understand the components of compensation and their relative uses.
- GM compensation plan is planned with reference to the market so that it is attractive to qualified candidates when a board needs to hire a new GM.
- Directors can articulate the board's values related to GM compensation.

The first time with this process may take longer than the one you're currently using. If your board is on a cycle of reviewing or setting GM compensation annually, we suggest you bring this to the board soon after compensation has been set for the coming year. See the flow chart at right which illustrates the process.

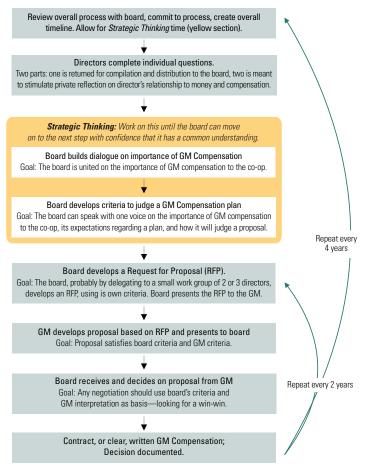
Steps to a compensation plan

- 1. Board reviews and commits to overall process, creates time in a series of meetings.
- 2. Directors complete individual questions.
- 3. Board builds dialogue on importance of GM compensation to the co-op.
- 4. Board develops criteria to judge a GM compensation plan. Goal: The board can speak with one voice on the importance of GM compensations to the co-op, its expectations regarding a plan, and how it will judge a compensation proposal. Allow adequate time for steps 3 and 4, and do not proceed until you have arrived at a common understanding.
- 5. Board develops a Request for Proposal (RFP).
- 6. GM develops proposal based on RFP and presents to the board.
- 7. Board receives and decides on proposal from GM.
- 8. Process concludes with contract, or clearly documented decision on GM compensation.

Step 1. Review and commit to the process.

The process organizes roles in a way that might be somewhat different from what you are doing now, and therefore warrants group discussion and commitment before you get started. We suggest that the board engage in strategic thinking and setting of criteria by which a plan will be judged, and then delegate the development of the plan to the GM. The board retains the controlling position, but we have introduced the GM's voice in the process in a manner that is clearly responding to board-stated criteria.

GM Compensation: Thinking Strategically



Prepared by Mark Goehring, Carolee Colter and Marilyn Scholl 2007.

Step 2. Directors complete individual questions.

There are two parts to questions for directors: One part is returned for compilation and distribution to the whole board, and the other part is meant to stimulate private reflection on a director's relationship to money and compensation.

Questions for private reflection: We don't expect directors to share these answers, but it is important to realize that our own experiences can have an impact on how we consider new topics. Directors should reflect on these questions in advance of board discussions on GM compensation so that they are able to "check your issues" at the door and help build a dialogue based on the issues brought to the table.

- 1. What is your own attitude regarding asking for money?
- 2. What experiences have you had regarding asking for fair compensation, or not being able to ask?
- 3. What experiences have you had that may influence how you consider GM compensation?

4. Do you feel you are able to contribute to the GM compensation process without your own issues about compensation or money getting in the way?

Acknowledging that personal association with money could interfere with a director's acting on behalf of the member/owners could help the whole board deal with this later if it becomes an issue.

Strategic questions for directors and boards: Distribute this survey in advance of the first board discussion on GM compensation. Ask for written responses, then compile and distribute the responses with the meeting packet along with the whole group questions.

- 1. Your name
- 2. Number of years on the board
- 3. Looking ahead to the future of the organization, do you see the organization growing and changing or staying the same? How important is the role of GM in this future? Why?
- 4. What worries or concerns do you have about the process we will use?
- 5. What worries or concerns do you have about the resulting compensation plan?
- 6. Within the context of your work as a director, how important is the GM compensation plan?

Step 3. Boards build a dialogue on the importance of GM compensation to the co-op.

This may take one meeting or several. The goal is to reach one voice on the importance of GM compensation to the co-op. The group will be informed of individual perspectives via the compilation of each director's written answers to the questions above, and now the board must think strategically together about the future of the co-op, its aspirations, and the importance of GM leadership in achieving those aspirations.

Following are questions for the use at the board meeting for building dialogue:

- Looking ahead to the future of the organization, do you see the organization growing and changing or staying the same? How important is the role of GM in this future? Why?
- Describe the importance of GM compensation from the point of view of the GM: the board of directors: the member/owners.

Goal as a result of board dialogue: the board can speak with one voice on the importance of GM compensation to the co-op.

A side question worth considering: How does the board make decisions? It can be helpful to the group's process if the board is clear about how it makes decisions before it makes one.

Step 4. Board develops criteria to judge a GM compensation plan.

Using the previous board dialogue as a foundation, the board now develops criteria for how it will judge a proposal. Here is a sample:

SAMPLE REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL (RFP)

GOAL: To inspire and motivate the GM to do what is best for the co-op; to achieve new goals.

EXPECTATIONS AND LIMITATIONS:

- 1. The plan should run from __/__/08 to __/__/10.
- 2. The plan should comply with a reasonable interpretation of all relevant policies.
- 3. The plan should be affordable for the co-op.
- 4. The plan should be in scale to the compensation plans of the other managers employed by the co-op.
- 5. The plan should be easily and objectively measurable/calculable.
- 6. The plan should consider the complete compensation package: base, contingent, benefits, deferred compensation, etc.
- 7. The plan should be in line with industry and local standards.

A note on time cycles of Steps 1 through 4: We suggest that the board request a compensation plan that would last for two years, and that the board consider using this entire process on a four-year cycle. After the first two-year period, the board could review its RFP criteria and possibly be in a position to re-issue the RFP without extensive board dialogue. After four years, however, enough board turnover may have taken place to begin again with Step 1.

Step 5. Board develops a Request for Proposal (RFP).

Once the board has approved the criteria, we suggest that one or two directors be empowered to draft an RFP for board review. When the board has agreed to the RFP, it can pass it along to the GM.

Questions to consider along with the creation of the RFP:

- How will the board negotiate, if necessary? We suggest the board delegate to two or three directors the authority to act (see Step 7).
- What should be the desired outcome of any negotiation?

Step 6. GM develops a proposal based on the RFP and presents it to the board.

For an example, see "Sample Response to Board RFP" on page 30.

Step 7. Board receives and decides on proposal from GM.

If the board is not ready to accept the GM's proposal as is, we suggest that it delegate two or at most three directors to negotiate with the GM in person. The negotiators can bring the agreedupon compensation package back to the full board for final approval.

Step 8. Process concludes with contract, or clearly documented decision on GM compensation.

Place the final version of the GM's proposal, with any negotiated revisions, in the GM's personnel file. If you use a contract with your GM, be sure to have it reviewed by an attorney.

The board now has an excellent paper trail of its process, beginning with the compilation of directors' perspectives, to notes about strategic thinking, to the RFP itself, to the proposal and final agreement. Two years later the RFP can be reviewed to see if it is adequate to pass along as is, or if it needs further work. Four years later the board can engage again in the complete process to reinvigorate its strategic thinking on this important topic.

The board also has some good material for communicating with members about its process. The results of its strategic thinking, as well as some of the criteria from the RFP, may be very appropriate to share with member/owners. The content of this strategic thinking may illustrate how the board values leadership of the co-op.

This process was developed as part of the Cooperative Board Leadership Development program for one of its distance learning workshops. (See www.cdsfood.coop/cbld for more information.) Your feedback and comments about the process are welcome. Send them to Mark-Goehring@cdsfood.coop. ■



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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Sample Response to Board RFP on General Manager Compensation

Note: This example is for a co-op with gross annual sales of \$12 to \$18 million.

I am proposing a compensation package to run for two fiscal years, from October 1, 2008 to September 30, 2010. This package consists of:

- Base salary of \$83,200 per year, with an increase in the second year for inflation, based on the Consumer Price Index as of 10/1/09.
- Bonus of up to \$10,000 for achieving the goals in the table below:

Criterion	Total Available Bonus	Gradations	Pay-out
Sales Growth	\$3,000	Sales growth over 10% Sales growth 8–10%	\$3,000 \$2,250
Net income	\$3,000	Net income over 3.5% Net income 2.42–3.49%	\$3,000 \$2,250
Planned Achievement of Ends Policy E1.	\$4,000	Board acceptance of interpretation of achievement in monitoring reports	\$4,000

- Four weeks of paid vacation (one week more than the vacation available to staff with under 5 years of employment at the co-op).
- Deferred compensation of \$5,000 a year that funds

 a) a retirement account in which I will be fully vested in 7 years and
 b) a life insurance policy for \$1 million. In the event of my death, my heirs will receive \$.5 million and the co-op will receive \$.5 million to pay for consulting help, interim management and a GM search as needed.

How this compensation package meets the board's expectations and limitations in the Request for Proposal:

- 1. The plan should run from 10/01/08 to 9/30/10 The proposed plan covers those dates.
- 2. The plan should comply with a reasonable interpretation of all relevant policies. All policies were reviewed for possible relevance, identifying the following:

Under L4, Compensation & Benefits, this proposal is in compliance with the global policy "not to cause or allow jeopardy to financial integrity," as described below.

Under L8, Emergency Management Succession, the life insurance policy in my proposed deferred compensation would help to protect the co-op from a sudden loss of GM services.

3. The plan should be affordable to the co-op.

My compensation as proposed, when added into all the other labor costs (payroll, payroll taxes, benefits) would still allow the co-op to meet the net profit target of 2.42 percent as identified in the long range strategic plan presented to the board in August.

4. The plan should be in scale to the compensation plans of the other managers employed by the co-op.

The co-op pay scale has six levels according to responsibility, with the top of each level 50 percent above the base. The pay scale covers all positions at the co-op except the general manager. The difference between levels ranges from about 15 percent to 25 percent. The top of Level VI is only \$6000 (8 percent) below my current salary.

Pay Levels	Annualized for full-time positions		
Level I \$8.00 to 12.00	\$16,640 to 24,960		
Level II \$10.00 to 15.00	\$20,800 to 31,200		
Level III \$12.00 to 18.00	\$24,960 to 37,440		
Level IV \$15.00 to 22.50	\$31,200 to 46,800		
Level V \$18.00 to 27.00	\$37,440 to 56,160		
Level VI \$22.00 to 33.00	\$45,760 to 68,640		
General Manager current	\$74,880		
General Manager proposed	\$83,200		

The financial manager, who has worked at the co-op for 15 years, has been at the top of Level VI for the past two years. I can't give her a raise without lifting the top of her pay level, but to do so would shrink the difference between her salary and mine even more.

The next highest paid manager is the store manager, who has recently expressed concern about his ability to make more over time. He understands that the top of the range for his job has to be lower than my pay. At the moment he is satisfied with his pay, but if he has no prospect of being able to earn over \$70,000, he may leave the co-op in a few years when his oldest child starts college.

By increasing my base salary, I could raise the base and tops for Levels V and VI, where I have lost staff to Whole Foods, which pays more for positions with these levels of responsibility.

5. The plan should be easily and objectively measurable/calculable.

The proposed bonus is based on sales growth and net income which are easily measurable, and on acceptance by the board of monitoring reports demonstrating planned achievement of Ends Policy E1.

The payout for the retirement funds in the deferred compensation plan is determined by a vesting schedule of seven years (see detailed description of the plan in a separate document).

6. The plan should consider the complete compensation package (base, contingent, benefits, deferred compensation).

My proposal contains all four elements.

7. The plan should be in line with industry and local standards.

The Occupational Employment Statistics program of the Bureau of Labor Statistics provides a description for Chief Executive which most closely fits my job:

"Determine and formulate policies and provide the overall direction of companies or private and public sector organizations within the guidelines set up by a board of directors or similar governing body. Plan, direct, or coordinate operational activities at the highest level of management with the help of subordinate executives and staff managers."

Using CareerJournal.com, I found the following data for a Chief Executive of a specialty retail establishment here in our state:

State Specialty Retail Chief Executives	
Low, 17th percentile	\$61,581
Average	\$91,666
High, 67th percentile	\$122,218
Bonus	16.7% of base salary
Benefits	11.9% of base salary

The general manager compensation survey in 2006 in *Cooperative Grocer* did not contain enough specific information for co-ops in our size range, except to show that over 60% of managers of co-ops with sales of over \$10 million were making \$70,000 or more. Therefore, I conducted a phone survey of the 12 managers of co-ops with gross sales of \$12 to \$18 million.

Co-op GM's \$12 to \$18 million gross sales		
Low	\$63,300	
Average	\$84,000	
High	\$112,500	
Bonus where applicable	5% to 20% of base salary	
Benefits	Average 18% of base salary	

Base salaries showed no clear correlation between size of salary and size of co-op. This is a very small sample, but it does fall within the range for salary and bonus for Chief Executives of specialty retails in our state.

My proposed salary is below average but within the range of the comparable positions in our local area. The proposed salary and total compensation is within the range of other co-ops our size.

	FIDDLEHEADS BOARD OF DIRECTORS MEETING August 20, 2013 6:30-8:30 PM 105 Huntington Street, New London		
Time	Торіс	Board Action/ Outcome	Leader
6:30- 6:40	Meeting Preamble Each of us is a member of the coop community and has been elected to be leaders in serving our members. May we conduct this meeting by empowering each other, treating each other with kindness, and maintaining an atmosphere of mutual respect. Check-in		President
6:40- 6:45	Agenda Review	Make any needed adjustments	Facilitator
6:40— 6:50	Member Comments		Facilitator
6:50- 6:55	Minutes of July 16, 2013 (board packet) GM monthly update report and July sales (board packet)	Accept Accept	Secretary GM
	Financial Report Quarterly Financial Report Audit Proposal	Accept	Treasurer
	Board Reports Conference Report-Sue Phillips and Lisa Cygan		
	Board Discussion Board Self-Assessment Draft Owner Participation in Fiddleheads Board Meetings (Board Packet) GM Monitoring	Review and discuss next steps Review guidelines, suggest changes, and vote Discuss next steps	Facilitator
8:15- 8:30	Closings 9. Agenda preview (Board Packet) Debrief/ Evaluate Meeting	Review Evaluate preamble, meeting process	President President
BOARD	Review Decisions, Tasks, Assignments Adjourn Meeting Goodbye, Good Job! PACKET:		Recorder

- ARD PACKET:
 1) Draft July Minutes
 2) General Manager Report and July sales
 3) Self-Assessment Summary
 4) Draft Owner Participation in Fiddleheads Board Meetings
 5) Draft September Agenda